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MAY 03 2019

Office of the Court Clerk IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF CLEVELAND COUNTY STATE OF OKLAHOMA

STATE OF OKLAHOMA, ex rel., MIKE HUNTER, ATTORNEY GENERAL OF OKLAHOMA,

In the office of the Court Clerk MARILYN WILLIAMS Case No. CJ-2017-816

Plaintiff,

v.

PURDUE PHARMA L.P., et al.,

Defendants.

Judge Thad Balkman

William C. Hetherington Special Discovery Master

DEFENDANTS JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. AND JOHNSON & JOHNSON'S MOTION IN LIMINE NO. 12 TO EXCLUDE EVIDENCE ABOUT CONDUCT AND HARMS OUTSIDE OKLAHOMA

REDACTED VERSION

THIS DOCUMENT WAS FILED IN ITS ENTIRETY APRIL 26, 2019, UNDER SEAL PER COURT ORDER DATED APRIL 16, 2018

Defendants Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Janssen")¹ and Johnson & Johnson ("J&J") move this Court for an order excluding from trial all evidence and argument involving alleged opioids harm or misconduct outside of Oklahoma that bears no relation to harm or misconduct in Oklahoma, including allegations in other litigation, claims, or investigations. *See* 12 O.S. §§ 2401-03, 2404, 2801-03. Janssen and J&J respectfully request that their Motion *in Limine* be granted, and for such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

BRIEF IN SUPPORT

In support of this Motion in Limine, Janssen and J&J show the following:

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

The State asserts that Janssen and J&J created a public nuisance in Oklahoma. Yet to prove that claim, it seeks to present evidence and arguments about matters, conduct, and harm that have nothing to do with Oklahoma. The Court should insist that the evidence in this case pertain only to allegations of harm or misconduct in Oklahoma. Allegations of harm or misconduct in other states or even other countries—including other litigation, claims, or investigations involving opioids—lack relevance here, would prejudice Janssen and J&J, and would waste the Court's time. Much of this evidence is also inadmissible propensity evidence and hearsay. This Court should grant this Motion *in Limine* and exclude this evidence at trial.

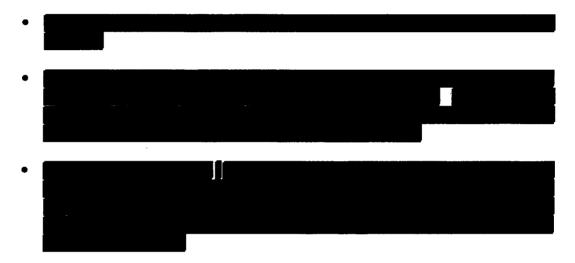
¹ "Janssen" also refers to Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc.'s predecessors, Ortho-McNeil-Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and Janssen Pharmaceutica, Inc.

II. ARGUMENT

The State has repeatedly referred to and argued about alleged harms and conduct outside

of Oklahoma or that do not concern Oklahoma specifically:

 "So, now, Oklahoma is fighting back. Oklahoma is not alone in this fight. <u>The</u> <u>entire Nation is fighting back.</u>" Ex. A, The State's Omnibus Response to Defendants' Motions to Dismiss for Failure to State a Claim (Oct. 30, 2017) at 10 (emphasis in original).



- Testifying about how he could conclude that doctors were getting visited more often by pharmaceutical representatives, the State's expert, Dr. Daniel Clauw, testified that "[representatives] would come and try to see -- when I was at Georgetown, they could still come and see us. When I moved back to [the University of] Michigan, pharmaceutical reps were not allowed to actually come into the clinics, and so I didn't see them anymore." Ex. E, Mar. 26, 2019 Deposition Tr. of Daniel Clauw ("Clauw Dep.") at 170:21-171:9.
- Dr. Clauw noted two studies to support his statement that opioids "cause more harm than good," neither of which concerned Oklahoma specifically—"one done in the U.S. [and] one done in the Netherlands showing this increase in all-cause mortal-ity." *Id.* at 106:24-107:14.

The Court should exclude these types of references and arguments from the trial.

Evidence of other matters is not relevant. Evidence is relevant and admissible only if it

"tend[s] to make the existence of any fact that is of consequence to the determination of the action

more probable or less probable than it would be without the evidence." 12 O.S. §§ 2401-02. The

mere existence of pending litigation and allegations of wrongdoing in *other* geographies does not and cannot prove anything about whether there is a public nuisance in *Oklahoma*. See Bd. of *Trustees of AFTRA Ret. Fund v. JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.*, 860 F. Supp. 2d 251, 254 (S.D.N.Y. 2012) (noting that "courts generally exclude evidence of other related lawsuits" given lack of probative value); *Foster v. Berwind Corp.*, 1991 WL 83090, at *1 (E.D. Pa. May 14, 1999) (precluding evidence of other lawsuits because allegations "are just that: allegations" and are "dispositive of nothing"). Nor has the State presented any evidence that any of the out-of-state conduct referenced above had any effect in Oklahoma—the subject matter of this litigation. The Court must exclude any evidence of such outside litigation, allegations, or harms because it is not relevant to the alleged harms here.

Evidence of other matters is unduly prejudicial. Evidence of litigation, claims, investigations, or harms outside of Oklahoma adds nothing substantial to the State's case, yet would cause undue prejudice to Janssen and J&J. Courts regularly exclude this type of evidence "because the probative value of the existence of other lawsuits typically is substantially outweighed by the danger of unfair prejudice." *Puglisi v. Town of Hempstead Sanitary Dist. No. 2*, No. 11-CV-445 (PKC), 2014 WL 12843521, at *2 (E.D.N.Y. Jan. 27, 2014); *Figueroa v. Boston Sci. Corp.*, No. 00 Civ. 7922(DC), 2003 WL 21488012, at *4 (S.D.N.Y. Jun. 27, 2003) ("Probative value of the fact that approximately 720 plaintiffs have brought suit is substantially outweighed by the danger of unfair prejudice, confusion of the issues, and considerations of undue delay and waste of time."); *see also* 12 O.S. § 2403. The Court should do so here as well.

Though this case will proceed as a bench trial, this evidence will still have a prejudicial effect—not necessarily here, but in the hundreds of other pending matters—and the Court should still exclude it. *See New Jersey v. Miller*, 165 A.2d 829, 831 (N.J. App. Div. 1960) ("Even in a

trial without jury, a defendant should not be required to contend with inadmissible evidence, where it appears that it may have a prejudicial effect." (citation omitted)). This Court's decision to allow cameras in the courtroom means that millions of Americans, including countless prospective jurors in hundreds of matters pending against Janssen across the country, will see evidence presented here. Though some courts hold that prejudice exclusions are unnecessary in bench trials, *see, e.g., United States v. Kienlen,* 349 F. App'x 349, 351 (10th Cir. 2009), those decisions have little application here, where the concern is not about the judge in this case but exposure of prejudicial information to millions of Americans, including countless prospective jurors in hundreds of matters pending against Janssen and J&J across the country.

Evidence of other matters would waste time. This evidence would likely prove distracting and require the Court to waste time on lengthy and ultimately meaningless mini-trials on non-Oklahoma matters, especially allegations regarding conduct that did not cause harm to Oklahoma. *See, e.g., Nachtsheim v. Beech Aircraft Corp.*, 847 F.2d 1261, 1269 (7th Cir. 1988) (finding admission of evidence of other incident "would have unnecessarily prolonged the trial and created a risk of confusion of the issues . . . [by creating] a trial within a trial" (citation omitted)); *Elston v. UPMC-Presbyterian Shadyside*, No. 2:06-CV-329, 2008 WL 682494, at *3 (W.D. Pa. Mar. 7, 2008) (finding a "mini-trial" regarding prior alleged discrimination would distract from the issue of the case).

Evidence of other matters is inadmissible propensity evidence. To the extent the State attempts to use evidence of other matters or harms to imply that J&J and Janssen created a public nuisance in Oklahoma, the evidence should be excluded as propensity evidence. Evidence of "other crimes, wrongs, or acts is not admissible . . . to show action in conformity therewith." 12 O.S. § 2404(B). In other words, evidence of "other acts" cannot show a defendant's propensity to commit an alleged wrong. *See id.; Walters v. Monarch Life Ins. Co.,* 57 F.3d 899, 903 (10th Cir.

1995) (affirming exclusion of evidence of allegedly similar acts and respective litigation). Here, allegations in unrelated investigations or litigation have nothing to do with the motives or intentions behind J&J's or Janssen's promotion of opioid products in *Oklahoma*. *See Hopkins AG Supply LLC v. Brunswick Cos.*, No. 17-6251, 2019 WL 386860, at *3 (10th Cir. Jan. 30, 2019) (Rule 404 exceptions do not apply because evidence of unrelated fraudulent acts alleged in "past litigation" is irrelevant to whether the defendant had an "intent" to commit the alleged fraudulent conduct at issue). And no exception applies. 12 O.S. § 2404(B) ("other wrongs" evidence is "not admissible" unless it is offered as "proof of motive," "intent," or the like). Accordingly, the Court should exclude this evidence.

Evidence of other matters is inadmissible hearsay. Courts generally exclude evidence of other lawsuits as inadmissible hearsay, and here the Court has no reason to grant the State an exception. 12 O.S. § 2801(A)(3); see In re Ethicon, Inc., Pelvic Repair Sys. Prods. Liab. Litig., No. 2:12-CV-4301, 2014 WL 505234, at *6 (S.D.W. Va. Feb. 5, 2014) ("But even though evidence of similar accidents may be admissible [for design defect claims], evidence of lawsuits is generally considered inadmissible hearsay."); Johnson v. Ford Motor Co., 988 F.2d 573, 579-81 (5th Cir. 1993) (claims alleged in other lawsuits are "evidence" of nothing and merely hearsay).

III. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

For all these reasons, the Court should grant Janssen and J&J's Motion *in Limine* and issue an order barring the State from introducing any evidence and argument involving alleged opioids harm or misconduct outside of Oklahoma that bears no relation to harm or misconduct in Oklahoma—including allegations in other litigation, claims, or investigations.

Dated: April 26, 2019

Respectfully submitted,

By:

Benjamin H. Odom, OBA No. 10917 John H. Sparks, OBA No. 15661 Michael W. Ridgeway, OBA No. 15657 David L. Kinney, OBA No. 10875 ODOM, SPARKS & JONES, PLLC Suite 140 HiPoint Office Building 2500 McGee Drive Norman, OK 73072 Telephone: (405) 701-1863 Facsimile: (405) 310-5394 Email: odomb@odomsparks.com Email: sparksj@odomsparks.com Email: ridgewaym@odomsparks.com

Larry D. Ottaway, OBA No. 6816 Amy Sherry Fischer, OBA No. 16651 Andrew Bowman, OBA No. 22071 Jordyn L. Cartmell, OBA No. 31043 Kaitlyn Dunn, OBA No. 32770 FOLIART, HUFF, OTTAWAY & BOTTOM 12th Floor 201 Robert S. Kerr Avenue Oklahoma City, OK 73102 Telephone: (405) 232-4633 Facsimile: (405) 232-3462 Email: larryottaway@oklahomacounsel.com Email: amyfischer@oklahomacounsel.com Email: and rewbowman@oklahomacounsel.com Email: jordyncartmell@oklahomacounsel.com Email: kaitlyndunn@oklahomacounsel.com

Of Counsel:

Charles C. Lifland Wallace Moore Allan Sabrina H. Strong O'MELVENY & MYERS, LLP 400 S. Hope Street Los Angeles, CA 90071 Telephone: (213) 430-6000 Facsimile: (213) 430-6000 Facsimile: (213) 430-6407 Email: clifland@omm.com Email: tallan@omm.com

Stephen D. Brody David Roberts O'MELVENY & MYERS, LLP 1625 Eye Street NW Washington, DC 20006 Telephone: (202) 383-5300 Facsimile: (202) 383-5414 Email: sbrody@omm.com Email: droberts2@omm.com

ATTORNEYS FOR DEFENDANTS JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., JOHNSON & JOHNSON, JANSSEN PHAR-MACEUTICA, INC. N/K/A JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., AND OR-THO-MCNEIL-JANSSEN PHARMACEU-TICALS, INC. N/K/A/ JANSSEN PHARMA-CEUTICALS, INC.

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

Pursuant to Okla. Stat. tit. 12, § 2005(D), and by agreement of the parties, this is to certify on April 26, 2019, a true and correct copy of the above and foregoing has been served via electronic mail, to the following:

Mike Hunter Attorney General for The State of Oklahoma Abby Dillsaver Ethan Shaner General Counsel to The Attorney General 313 NE 21st Oklahoma City, OK 73105 Telephone: (405)521-3921 Facsimile: (405) 521-6246 Email: mike.hunter@oag.ok.gov Email: abby.dillsaver@oag.ok.gov Email: ethan.shaner@oag.ok.gov

Michael Burrage Reggie Whitten J. Revell Parrish WHITTEN BURRAGE Suite 300 512 North Broadway Avenue Oklahoma City, OK 73102 Telephone: (405) 516-7800 Facsimile: (405) 516-7859 Email: mburrage@whittenburragelaw.com Email: rwhitten@whittenburragelaw.com

Bradley Beckworth Jeffrey Angelovich Lloyd Nolan Duck, III Andrew Pate Lisa Baldwin Brooke A. Churchman Nathan Hall NIX, PATTERSON, LLP Suite 200 512 North Broadway Avenue Oklahoma City, OK 73102 (405) 516-7800 Telephone: (405) 516-7859 Facsimile: Email: bbeckworth@nixlaw.com Email: jangelovich@nixlaw.com Email: tduck@nixlaw.com Email: dpate@nixlaw.com Email: lbaldwin@nixlaw.com Email: bchurchman@nixlaw.com Email: nhall@nixlaw.com

١

Robert Winn Cutler Ross Leonoudakis Cody Hill NIX, PATTERSON, LLP Suite B350 3600 North Capital of Texas Highway Austin, TX 78746 Telephone: (512) 328-5333 Facsimile: (512) 328-5335 Email: winncutler@nixlaw.com Email: rossl@nixlaw.com Email: codyhill@nixlaw.com

Glenn Coffee GLENN COFFEE & ASSOCIATES, PLLC 915 North Robinson Avenue Oklahoma City, OK 73102 Telephone: (405) 601-1616 Email: gcoffee@glenncoffee.com

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

Sanford C. Coats Joshua D. Burns CROWE & DUNLEVY, PC Suite 100 Braniff Building 324 North Robinson Avenue Oklahoma City, OK 73102 Telephone: (405) 235-7700 Facsimile: (405) 272-5269 Email: sandy.coats@crowedunlevy.com Email: joshua.burns@crowedunlevy.com

Of Counsel:

Sheila Birnbaum Mark S. Cheffo Hayden A. Coleman Paul A. LaFata Lindsay N. Zanello Bert L. Wolff Mara C. Cusker Gonzalez Jenna C. Newmark DECHERT, LLP Three Bryant Park 1095 Avenue of Americas New York, NY 10036-6797 Telephone: (212) 698-3500 (212) 698-3599 Facsimile: Email: sheila.birnbaum@dechert.com Email: mark.cheffo@dechert.com Email: hayden.coleman@dechert.com Email: paul.lafata@dechert.com Email: lindsay.zanello@dechert.com Email: bert.wolff@dechert.com Email: maracusker.gonzalez@dechert.com Email: jenna.newmark@dechert.com

Benjamin F. McAnaney Hope S. Freiwald Will W. Sachse Chelsea M. Nichols Cory A. Ward Meghan R. Kelly Nicolas A. Novy DECHERT, LLP 2929 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19104 Telephone: (215) 994-4000 Facsimile: (215) 655-2043 Email: benjamin.mcananey@dechert.com Email: hope.freiwald@dechert.com Email: will.sachse@dechert.com Email: chelsea.nichols@dechert.com Email: cory.ward@dechert.com Email: meghan.kelly@dechert.com Email: nicolas.novy@dechert.com

Erik W. Snapp DECHERT, LLP Suite 3400 35 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60601 Telephone: (212)849-7000 Facsimile: (212) 849-7100 Email: erik.snapp@dechert.com

٦

Jonathan S. Tam Jae Hong Lee DECHERT, LLP 16th Floor One Bush Street San Francisco, CA 94104 Telephone: (415) 262-4500 Facsimile: (415) 262-4555 Email: jonathan.tam@dechert.com Email: jae.lee@dechert.com

William W. Oxley DECHERT, LLP Suite 4900 US Bank Tower 633 West 5th Street Los Angeles, CA 90071 Telephone: (213) 808-5760 Facsimile: (213) 808-5760 Email: william.oxley@dechert.com

Lindsey B. Cohan DECHERT, LLP Suite 2010 300 West 6th Street Austin, TX 78701-2961 Telephone: (212) 394-3000 Facsimile: (512) 394-3001 Email: lindsey.cohan@dechert.com

Britta E. Stanton John D. Volney John T. Cox, III Eric W. Pinker Jared D. Eisenberg Jervonne D. Newsome Elizabeth Yvonne Ryan Andrea MeShonn Evans Brown Ruben A. Garcia Russell G. Herman Samuel B. Hardy, IV David S. Coale Alan Dabdoub LYNN PINKER COX & HURST, LLP Suite 2700 2100 Ross Avenue Dallas, TX 75201 Telephone: (214) 981-3800 Facsimile: (214) 981-3839 Email: bstanton@lynnllp.com Email: jvolney@lynnllp.com email: tcox@lynnllp.com Email: epinker@lynnllp.com Email: jeisenberg@lynnllp.com Email: jnewsome@lynnllp.com Email: eryan@lynnllp.com Email: sbrown@lynnllp.com Email: rgarcia@lynnllp.com Email: rherman@lynnllp.com Email: shardy@lynnllp.com Email: dcoale@lynnllp.com Email: adabdoub@lynnllp.com

Robert S. Hoff WIGGIN & DANA, LLP 265 Church Street New Haven, CT 06510 Telephone: (203) 498-4400 Facsimile: (203) 363-7676 Email: rhoff@wiggin.com

.

Michael T. Cole NELSON MULLINS RILEY & SCARBOROUGH, LLP Suite 600 151 Meeting Street Charleston, SC 29401 Telephone: (843) 853-5200 Facsimile: (843) 722-8700 Email: mike.cole@nelsonmullins.com

ATTORNEYS FOR DEFENDANTS PURDUE PHARMA, LP, PURDUE PHARMA, INC., AND THE PURDUE FREDERICK COMPANY, INC.

Robert G. McCampbell Travis V. Jett Ashley E. Quinn Nicholas V. Merkley Leasa M. Stewart GableGotwals 15th Floor One Leadership Square 211 North Robinson Oklahoma City, OK 73102-7255 (405) 235-5567 Telephone: Email: rmccampbell@gablelaw.com Email: tjett@gablelaw.com Email: aquinn@gablelaw.com Email: nmerkley@gablelaw.com Email: lstewart@gablelaw.com

Of Counsel:

Steven A. Reed Rebecca J. Hillyer Evan J. Jacobs Morgan, Lewis & Bockius, LLP 1701 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2321 Telephone: (215) 963-5000 Email: steven.reed@morganlewis.com Email: rebecca.hillyer@morganlewis.com Email: evan.jacobs@morganlewis.com

Harvey Bartle, IV Mark A. Fiore Morgan, Lewis& Bockius, LLP 502 Carnegie Center Princeton, NJ 08540-6241 Telephone: (609) 919-6600 Email: harvey.bartle@morganlewis.com Email: mark.fiore@morganlewis.com

Brian M. Ercole Melissa M. Coates Martha A. Leibell Morgan, Lewis & Bockius, LLP Suite 5300 200 South Biscayne Boulevard Miami, FL 33131 Email: brian.ercole@morganlewis.com Email: melissa.coates@morganlewis.com Email: martha.leibell@morganlewis.com

1

Steven A. Luxton Morgan, Lewis & Bockius, LLP 1111 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20004 Telephone: (202) 739-3000 Facsimile: (202-739-3000 Email: steven.luxton@morganlewis.com

•

Tinos Diamantatos Morgan, Lewis & Bockius, LLP 77 West Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60601 Telephone: (312) 324-1000 Facsimile: (312) 324-1001 Email: tinos.diamantatos@morganlewis.com

Collie F. James, IV Morgan, Lewis & Bockius, LLP Suite 1800 600 Anton Boulevard Costa Mesa, CA 92626 Telephone: (714) 830-0600 Facsimile: (714) 830-0700 Email: collie.james@morganlewis.com

ATTORNEYS FOR DEFENDANTS CEPHALON, INC., TEVA PHARMACEUTICALS USA, INC., WATSON LA-BORATORIES, INC., ACTAVIS, LLC, AND ACTAVIS PHARMA, INC. F/K/A WATSON PHARMA, INC.

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Benjamin H. Odom, OBA No. 10917 John H. Sparks, OBA No. 15661 Michael W. Ridgeway, OBA No. 15657 David L. Kinney, OBA No. 10875 ODOM, SPARKS & JONES, PLLC Suite 140 HiPoint Office Building 2500 McGee Drive Norman, OK 73072 Telephone: (405) 701-1863 Facsimile: (405) 310-5394 Email: odomb@odomsparks.com Email: sparksj@odomsparks.com Email: ridgewaym@odomsparks.com

ATTORNEYS FOR DEFENDANTS JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., JOHNSON & JOHNSON, JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICA, INC. N/K/A JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., AND ORTHO-MCNEIL-JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. N/K/A/ JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

EXHIBIT A

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IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF CLEVELAND COUNTY STATE OF OKLAHOMA

STATE OF OKLAHOMA, ex rel.,	ş	
MIKE HUNTER,	Ş	
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF OKLAHOMA,	හ භා භා භා භා භා භා භා භා භා	
	§	
Plaintiff,	ş	•
	Ş	
VS.	§	
	ş	
(1) PURDUE PHARMA L.P.;	Ş	
(2) PURDUE PHARMA, INC.;	Ş	
(3) THE PURDUE FREDERICK COMPANY;	ş	
(4) TEVA PHARMACEUTICALS USA, INC.;	§	
(5) CEPHALON, INC.;		
(6) JOHNSON & JOHNSON;	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	
(7) JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.;	ş	
(8) ORTHO-MCNEIL-JANSSEN	Ş	
PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., n/k/a	§	Case No. CJ-2017-816
JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.;	§	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
(9) JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICA, INC.,	ş	
n/k/a JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.;	Ş	
(10) ALLERGAN, PLC, f/k/a ACTAVIS PLC,	§	
f/k/a ACTAVIS, INC., f/k/a WATSON	§	
PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.;	§	
(11) WATSON LABORATORIES, INC.;	Ş	
(12) ACTAVIS LLC; and	§ § §	
(13) ACTAVIS PHARMA, INC.,	Ş	
f/k/a WATSON PHARMA, INC.,	ş Ş	
	§.	

Defendants.

THE STATE'S OMNIBUS RESPONSE TO (i) DEFENDANTS' JOINT MOTION TO DISMISS FOR FAILURE TO STATE A CLAIM; (ii) MOTION OF DEFENDANTS CEPHALON, INC., TEVA PHARMACEUTICALS USA, INC., WATSON LABORATORIES, INC., ACTAVIS LLC, AND ACTAVIS PHARMA, INC. f/k/a WATSON PHARMA INC. TO DISMISS PLAINTIFF'S PETITION FOR FAILURE TO STATE A CLAIM, OR, ALTERNATIVELY, FOR A MORE DEFINITE STATEMENT REQUIRING THE STATE TO PLEAD THE DETAILS OF ANY ALLEGED FRAUD; (iii) DEFENDANTS JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. AND JOHNSON AND JOHNSON'S MOTION TO DISMISS FOR FAILURE TO STATE A CLAIM; AND (iv) DEFENDANTS PURDUE PHARMA L.P., PURDUE PHARMA INC., AND THE PURDUE FREDERICK COMPANY INC.'S MOTION TO DISMISS FOR FAILURE TO STATE A CLAIM

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the US. Senate Finance Committee in 2016 that had he "fully appreciate[d] the severity of the opioid epidemic and the long lasting effects of Purdue's OxyContin promotion" he "would have advocated for a settlement which would have required more extensive remedial action...to correct the inappropriate prescribing patterns for opioids that Purdue's marketing helped create."²¹

The conduct continued. More people have become addicted. More children have died. More babies are born addicted. More morgues are over capacity.

So, now, Oklahoma is fighting back. Oklahoma is not alone in this fight. <u>The entire Nation</u> is fighing back.

Eight other states—New Mexico, Mississippi, New Hampshire, Ohio, Washington, South Carolina, Louisiana and Missouri have filed lawsuits against some or all of the Defendants concerning their unlawful marketing of their opioids. A 41-state coalition of Attorneys General has issued subpoenas to opioid manufacturers, including entities affiliated with each Defendant named herein, as part of an ongoing opioid-marketing investigation. Dozens of lawsuits asserting similar claims have been filed by counties and eities in state and federal courts across the country. And, just last week, the President of the United States officially declared the opioid crisis a national public health emergency.²²

In light of this national effort to hold Defendants accountable for creating the most severe public health nuisance in history, the cavalier tone of their Motions to Dismiss is alarming. Even more alarming is the fact that Defendants had the audacity to file a motion to stay discovery—that is to delay discovery of the truth—claiming that there was little to no way the State could even

²¹ Department of Justice, Testimony of David Hart to the United States Senate Committee on Finance, at 2, *available at* https://www.finance.senate.gov/imo/media/doc/23feb2016Hart.pdf.

²² President Donald J. Trump is Taking Action on Drug Addiction and the Optold Crisis (Oct. 26, 2017), https://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/2017/10/26/president-donald-j-trump-taking-action-drug-addictionand-optoid-crisis.

ignore that they do not just face liability for damages, but also steep statutory penalties up to \$11,000 per violation under the OMFCA and up to \$10,000 per violation under the OCPA before even determining damages. *See* 63 O.S. §5053.1 (2016); 15 O.S. §761.1(C). Now is not the time to attempt to exclude damage categories from any of the Petition's allegations. The Petition undoubtedly alleges severe injuries, which is sufficient at this stage.

Defendants' arguments regarding causation fail and raise fact questions for the jury following discovery.

VL CONCLUSION

Defendants should not be permitted to delay this case any further. Dismissal is inappropriate. This case should proceed to discovery and trial before twelve jurors.

Dated: October 30, 2017

Respectfully submi Michael Burrage, OB

Reggie Whitten, OBA No. 55/6 WHITTEN BURRAGE 512 N. Broadway Avenue, Suite 300 Oklahoma City, OK 73102 Telephone: (405) 516-7800 Facsimile: (405) 516-7859 Emails: mburrage@whittenburragelaw.com rwhitten@whittenburragelaw.com

Mike Hunter, OBA No. 4503 ATTORNEY GENERAL FOR THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA Abby Dillsaver, OBA No. 20675 GENERAL COUNSEL TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL Ethan A. Shaner, OBA No. 30916 DEPUTY GENERAL COUNSEL 313 N.E. 21st Street Oklahoma City, OK 73105 (405) 521-3921 Telephone: Facsimile: (405) 521-6246 Emails: abby.dillsaver@oag.ok.gov cthan.shancr@oag.ok.gov

Bradley E. Beckworth, OBA No. 19982 Jeffrey J. Angelovich, OBA No. 19981 NIX, PATTERSON & ROACH, LLP 512 N. Broadway Avenue, Suite 200 Oklahoma City, OK 73102 Telephone: (405) 516-7800 Facsimile: (405) 516-7859 Emails: bbeckworth@nixlaw.com jangelovich@nixlaw.com

Glenn Coffee, OBA No. 14563 GLENN COFFEE & ASSOCIATES, PLLC 915 N. Robinson Ave. Oklahoma City, OK 73102 Telephone: (405) 601-1616 Email: gcoffee@glenncoffee.com

Tracy Schumacher, OBA No. 15950 Schumacher & Stanley, P.L.L.C. 114 E. Main Stret Norman, OK 73072 Telephone: (405) 701-1882 Email: tracy@schumacherstanley.com

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This is to certify that a true and correct copy of the above and foregoing was mailed, postage prepaid, this 30th day of October 2017 to:

Robert G. McCampbell Travis V. Jett GableGotwals One Leadership Square, 15th Floor 211 North Robinson Oklahoma City, OK 73102

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John H. Sparks Benjamin H. Odom Odom, Sparks & Jones, PLLC HiPoint Office Building 2500 McGee Drive, Ste. 140 Norman, OK 73072

Sanford C. Coats Cullen D. Sweeney CROWE & DUNLEVY, P.C. Braniff Building 324 N. Robinson Ave., Ste. 100 Oklahoma City, OK 73102

Sheila Bimbaum Mark S. Cheffo Hayden A. Coleman QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART & SULLIVAN, LLP 51 Madison Avenue, 22nd Floor New York, New York 10010

Patrick J. Fitzgerald R. Ryan Stoll SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER & FLOM LLP 155 North Wacker Drive, Stc. 2700 Chicago, Illinois 60606

Steven A. Reed Harvey Bartle IV Jeremy A. Menkowitz MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP 1701 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2921 Brian M. Ercole MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP 200 S. Biscayne Blvd., Suite 5300 Miami, FL 33131

Charles C. Lifland O'MELVENY & MEYERS LLP 400 S. Hope Street Los Angeles, CA 90071

Michael Burrage Burrage

EXHIBIT B [FILED UNDER SEAL]

EXHIBIT C [FILED UNDER SEAL]

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EXHIBIT D [FILED UNDER SEAL]

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2		T OF CLEVELAND COUNTY
3	STATE OF	OKLAHOMA
4	STATE OF OKLAHOMA, ex rel.,)
5	MIKE HUNTER ATTORNEY GENERAL OF OKLAHOMA,	
6	Plaintiff,	
7	VS.) Case No. CJ-2017-816)
8	<pre>(1) PURDUE PHARMA L.P.; (2) PURDUE PHARMA, INC.;</pre>)
9	<pre>(3) THE PURDUE FREDERICK COMPANY;</pre>	
10	(4) TEVA PHARMACEUTICALS	
11	USA, INC; (5) CEPHALON, INC.;	
12	(6) JOHNSON & JOHNSON; (7) JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS,)
13	INC.; (8) ORTHO-MCNEIL-JANSSEN)
14	PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., n/k/a JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS;)
15	<pre>(9) JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICA, INC. n/k/a JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS,</pre>)
	INC.;	
16	(10) ALLERGAN, PLC, f/k/a ACTAVIS PLC, f/k/a ACTAVIS,)
17	INC., f/k/a WATSON PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.;	
18	<pre>(11) WATSON LABORATORIES, INC.;; (12) ACTAVIS LLC; AND</pre>	
19	(13) ACTAVIS PHARMA, INC., f/k/a WATSON PHARMA, INC.,	, ,
20		
21		COVERED UNDER PROTECTIVE ORDER
22		F PROCEEDINGS BER 18, 2018
23		COUNTY COURTHOUSE LIAM C. HETHERINGTON, JR.,
24	RETIRED ACTIVE JUDGE AND	
25	REPORTED BY: ANGELA THAGARD, CS	
23	NELONIED DI. ANGELA INAGAND, C.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

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1 that has historically been sacrosanct is the whole point here.
2 It's the whole policy behind why we don't let these documents
3 out.

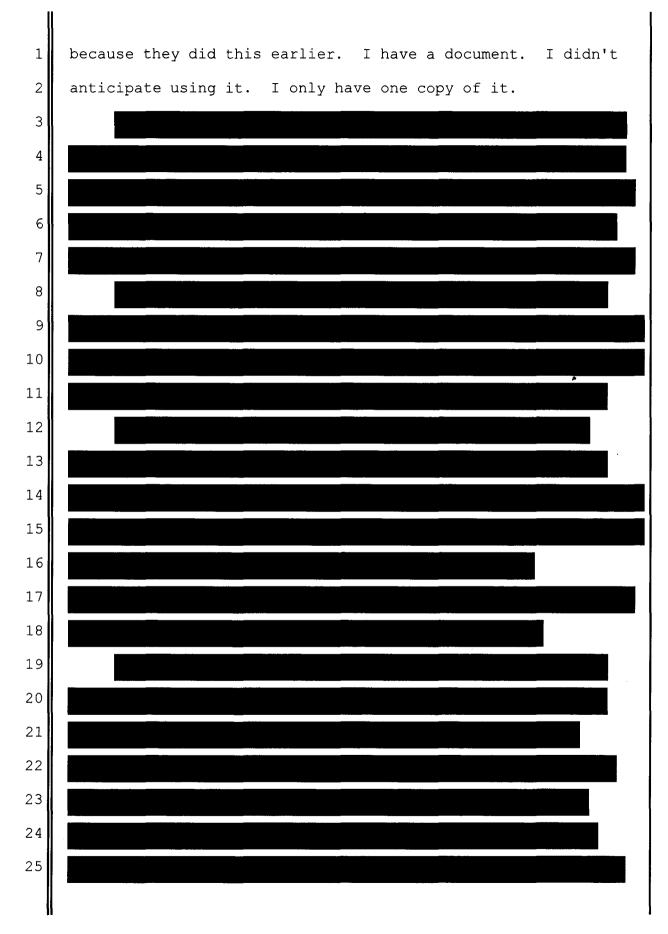
Judge, put yourself in the shoes of an investigator for the State. Would you want to diligently pursue every single angle, pulling at every single thread, making notes, sending e-mails to prosecutors, coming up with ideas to try to bring down the State's criminals, all the while knowing that a Judge in a civil case could just willy-nilly order all those documents be turned over. Sure, there are protective orders.

No, Judge. It would have a chilling effect on the investigation and prosecution of criminals in the state, and it doesn't just apply to criminals. There are investigators for a number of different agencies. Administrative actions also have investigators. The licensing boards at issue have investigators.

They need to be able to do their jobs the right way without fear that a Judge, who has no understanding or idea of the particular cases that they're working on, could just turn over all of their privileged information. That's why these privileges exist, and it's why we're asking you to uphold them today.

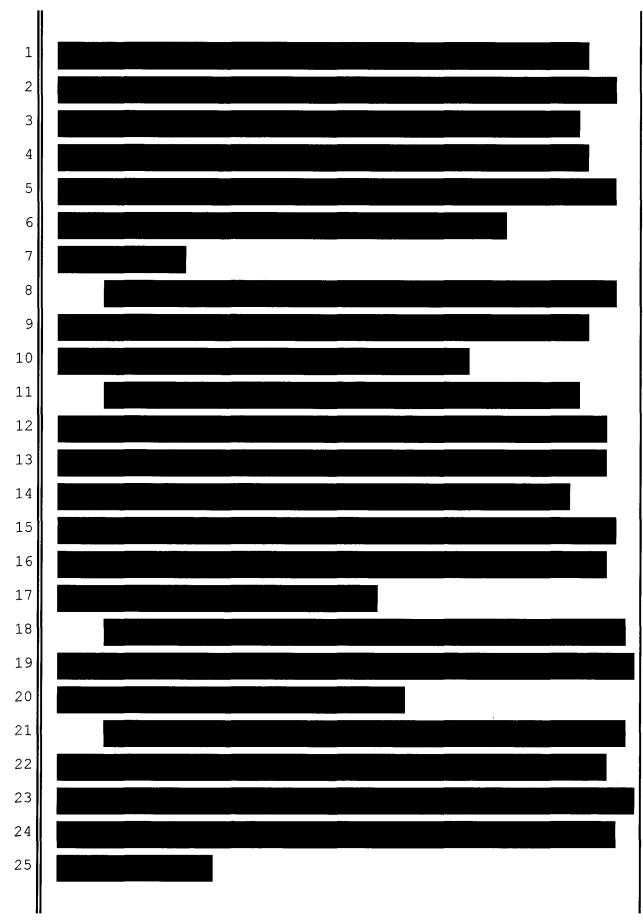
I bring up Mr. McCampbell not to pick on him, but to show your Honor where this argument that Watson has raised, where it logically leads. I hope the defendants won't be upset with me

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DISTRICT COURT OF OKLAHOMA - OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT



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DISTRICT COURT OF OKLAHOMA - OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT

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EXHIBIT E

1	IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF CLEVELAND COUNTY
2	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
3	STATE OF OKLAHOMA, ex rel.,
	MIKE HUNTER,
4	ATTORNEY GENERAL OF OKLAHOMA,
5	Plaintiff, Case Number
	CJ-2017-816
6	VS.
7	(1) PURDUE PHARMA L.P.;
	(2) PURDUE PHARMA, INC.;
8	(3) THE PURDUE FREDERICK COMPANY;
	(4) TEVA PHARMACEUTICALS USA, INC.;
9	(5) CEPHALON, INC.;
	(6) JOHNSON & JOHNSON;
10	(7) JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.;
	(8) ORTHO-MCNEIL-JANSSEN
11	PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., f/k/a
	JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.;
12	(9) JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICA, INC.,
	f/k/a JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.;
13	(10) ALLERGAN, PLC, f/k/a WATSON
	PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.;
14	(11) WATSON LABORATORIES, INC.;
	(12) ACTAVIS, LLC; and
15	(13) ACTAVIS PHARMA, INC.,
	f/k/a WATSON PHARMA, INC.,
16	
	Defendants.
17	
18	
19	VIDEO DEPOSITION OF DANIEL J. CLAUW, M.D.
ĺ	STATE OF OKLAHOMA 3230(C)(5) WITNESS
20	TAKEN ON BEHALF OF THE DEFENDANTS
	ON MARCH 26, 2019, BEGINNING AT 7:57 A.M.
21	IN OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA
22	Reported by: Cheryl D. Rylant, CSR, RPR
23	Video Technician: Gabe Pack
24	
25	PAGES 1 - 327
	Page 1

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1 you gave me time to do a PubMed search and pull the 10:10 2 articles, I could pull the articles. Main -- these 10:10 studies in the last three or four years have mainly 3 10:10 been out of the VA population and have looked at --10:10 4 really closely at death records and suicide. There's 10:10 5 an epidemic of suicides amongst our veterans. 6 10:10 Q. (By Ms. Laurendeau) And have they determined 10:10 7 causation in terms of the opioids? Do those studies 10:10 8 purport to determine causation, or are they reporting 10:10 9 on association or correlation or something else? 10:10 10 11 A. There's no way that you can say that an 10:10 opioid caused someone to commit a suicide, so you're 12 10:10 -- you're looking at association. But there's a 10:10 13 14 strong association between opioid use and suicide. 10:10 15 Q. Is depression common in chronic pain 10:11 16 patients? 10:11 A. Yes. 17 10:11 Q. Is suicide common in patients who suffer from 10:11 18 19 depression? 10:11 But all the studies that I've just 20 A. Yes. 10:11 cited to you control for chronic pain. So all of 10:11 21 these studies have, as a control group, people with 22 10:11 chronic pain that didn't get an opioid. So there is 23 10:11 an increase risk of death from just having chronic 24 10:11 25 pain, and that is attributable both to some of the 10:11

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1	same things. Chronic pain patients are more likely	10:11
2	to commit suicide. But the the 30 percent value	10:11
3	that I was citing is is in excess of what you see	10:11
4	in a group of people with chronic pain. This is	10:11
5	attributable to the opioid use, not the chronic pain.	10:11
6	Q. And is that a 30 percent risk or a	10:12
7	30 percent increase in deaths from suicide or a	10:12
8	30 percent increase in mortality from all causes?	10:12
9	A. All-cause mortality. And that's far more	10:12
10	concerning. Because a 30 percent increase in	10:12
11	suicides would probably only be like a 1 percent	10:12
12	increase in all-cause mortality, because suicides are	10:12
13	an uncommon cause of death in general. A 30 percent	10:12
14	increase in all-cause mortality means next year you	10:12
15	are 30 percent more likely to die of anything than	10:12
16	the control group. And that's what's scary about	10:12
17	the the data in opioids, is it's it's all-cause	10:12
18	mortality.	10:12
19	Q. And are you intending to opine at trial on	10:12
20	this 30 percent increase in all-cause mortality from	10:12
21	opioid use?	10:12
22	MR. LEONOUDAKIS: Objection, form, outside	10:12
23	the scope.	10:12
24	THE WITNESS: I don't if if I'm	10:12
25	asked, especially if I'm asked to defend the fact	10:12
	Page 1	06

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1	that these drugs cause more harm than good, that	10:12
2	would certainly be under the category of harm that	10:13
3	people	10:13
4	Q. (By Ms. Laurendeau) You're definitely going	10:13
5	to be asked to defend that, because that's one of	10:13
6	your opinions.	10:13
7	A. Okay. Well then then, yes, I will be	10:13
8	citing then then there's two studies that I	10:13
9	in particular that I can get you, one done in the	10:13
10	U.S., one done in the Netherlands showing this	10:13
11	increase in all-cause mortality. But if if you're	10:13
12	going to be asking me for specific data to support	10:13
13	that opinion, then these will be two of the studies	10:13
14	that I would like to talk about.	10:13
15	Q. If you're going to offer the opinion, then I	10:13
16	definitely want to see the studies	10:13
17	A. Okay.	10:13
18	Q so if you could get me those, I would	10:13
19	appreciate it. And then, depending on those, I may	10:13
20	have to ask the judge for an opportunity to ask you	10:13
21	additional questions, because, again, this is my	10:13
22	chance to ask you what opinions you're going to	10:13
23	offer. This wasn't specifically in the disclosure,	10:13
24	and the studies weren't cited, and you don't have	10:13
25	them with you here today, so if you could get those	10:13
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to me, I'd appreciate that. Is that okay? 1 10:13 A. That's fine. Just re --10:14 2 MR. LEONOUDAKIS: Objection, form. 3 10:14 THE WITNESS: Someone needs to remind me 10:14 4 after this all the different things that I need to 10:14 5 get you. I won't spontaneously remember to send you 6 10:14 those articles. 10:147 Q. (By Ms. Laurendeau) Okay. We will follow 10:14 8 9 up. 10:14Okay. Did you bring any materials with you here 10 10:14 11 today? 10:14 A. No. Well, I mean, I have my backpack and my 12 10:14 suitcase, but I don't -- nothing that I was intending 10:14 13 14 to look at or refer to. 10:14 Q. Okay. Let me show you the deposition Notice 10:14 15 that we'll mark as Exhibit 4. 10:14 16 17 (Whereupon, Clauw Exhibit No. 4 was marked 10:14 for identification and made part of the record.) 18 10:14 Q. (By Ms. Laurendeau) Have you seen this 10:14 19 20 document before, Dr. Clauw? 10:14 21 A. I'm not sure. 10:14 Q. Okay. I'm going to actually turn you to the 10:15 22 last page marked as Exhibit [sic] 15, Documents To Be 10:15 23 Produced. 10:15 24 25 MR. LEONOUDAKIS: It's page 15, not 10:15 Page 108

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1	at any meeting?	11:31
2	A. Yeah. I've railed against opioid	11:31
3	manufacturers for a long time. I've been anti-opioid	11:31
4	and anti this practice for an awful long time. You	11:31
5	can look back. There's videotapes of lectures I was	11:31
6	giving 15 years ago, I was talking about this	11:31
7	problem. So, yes, did it influence what I said at a	11:31
8	meeting? Absolutely. And it it made me say, you	11:31
9	know, what are we doing here? What's why are you	11:32
10	prescribing opioids?	11:32
11	Q. The fact that manufacturers were present and	11:32
12	were sponsoring certainly didn't prompt you to be	11:32
13	pro-opioid or to encourage additional opioid	11:32
14	prescriptions from your fellow physicians, did it?	11:32
15	A. Say again. I'm sorry, the question?	11:32
16	Q. The presence of pharmaceutical manufacturers	11:32
17	certainly didn't influence you to be pro-opioid or to	11:32
18	encourage additional opioid prescriptions of your	11:32
19	fellow physicians, did it?	11:32
20	A. No, quite the contrary. My typical thing is	11:32
21	to go to a scientific meeting and and call out	11:32
22	people that are prescribing opioids and ask them, you	
23	know, where's the evidence and data for doing this,	11:32
24	and why are you still doing this, and what	11:32
25	you know, and present a lot of the data that led me	11:32
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to conclude that opioids did more harm than good in 11:32 1 the setting of chronic pain. 11:32 2 Q. So you don't have any way of saying whether 3 11:32 physicians who attended these meetings you're 11:32 4 referring to were influenced by your anti-opioid 11:32 5 sentiments or by what you refer to as the aggressive 6 11:33 marketing tactics of pharmaceutical manufacturers, do 11:33 7 you? 11:33 8 MR. LEONOUDAKIS: Objection, form. 11:33 9 THE WITNESS: Oh, no. I actually do know 11:33 10 that, obviously, I was ineffective. Because I can't 11 11:33 be -- I don't have the -- the -- the marketing 12 11:33 prowess of the pharmaceutical industry, and so those 13 11:33 -- those talks that I'm giving, I would talk to two 11:33 14 or 300 physicians that might have been attending 15 11:33 those talks, but these were people that were 11:33 16 17 otherwise just getting inundated with information 11:33 that was contrary to what I was presenting. So I 18 11:33 actually think I do know that what I did didn't work 11:3319 20 very well. 11:33 21 Q. (By Ms. Laurendeau) How do you know they 11:33 22 were getting inundated with information outside of 11:33 23 what you saw at the meetings, which you've described 24 as aggressive marketing tactics? 11:33 25 A. Because there was other things besides at the 11:33

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1		
1	meetings. People were getting visited more often by	11:33
2	pharmaceutical reps from the opioid manufacturers,	11:33
3	they were	11:33
4	Q. How do you know that?	11:34
5	A. Because they would come and try to see	11:34
6	when I was at Georgetown, they could still come and	11:34
7	see us. When I moved back to Michigan,	11:34
8	pharmaceutical reps were not allowed to actually come	11:34
9	into the clinics, and so I didn't see them anymore.	11:34
10	But when I was at Georgetown, they would come by and	11:34
11	try try to talk me into prescribing opioids, until	11:34
12	it became clear that wasn't going anywhere. And	11:34
13	then, all the sudden, they'd see, you know, my	11:34
14	position when I gave a talk or something like that	11:34
15	being very anti-opioid. So they don't they don't	11:34
16	keep visiting the people that where they're not	11:34
17	getting any traction and where they're not	11:34
18	you know, they're they're doing the opposite,	11:34
19	they're looking for the people that are	11:34
20	high-prescribers and and that's where they put	11:34
21	a lot of their efforts.	11:34
22	Q. How do you know this?	11:34
23	A. I know this because I don't know where I	11:34
24	know this from. Some of the marketing documents that	11:34
25	I saw in conjunction with this litigation looked at	11:34
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the -- the deciles of prescribing, and that they 1 11:35 were -- that they were targeting people that were 2 11:35 the -- in the highest decile with highest two deciles 11:35 3 with respect to opioid prescribing. So -- and I know 11:35 4 that is a specific tactic that was used, including in 11:35 5 the state of Oklahoma. 6 11:35 Q. And you know that based on the materials that 11:35 7 counsel provided you that you don't have with you 11:35 8 here today, correct? 9 11:35 10 A. Correct. 11:35 Q. The -- the meetings that you refer to at 11 11:35 which pharmaceutical manufacturers -- you described 12 11:35 13 pharmaceutical manufacturers as flooding the 11:35 14 meetings. Can you name any specific meeting you 11:35 15 attended that was flooded by pharmaceutical 11:35 16 manufacturers? 11:35 A. Yes. So of the professional organizations, I 11:35 17 would say that the American Pain Society has been the 11:35 18 It -- it was -- in the mid 1990s least influenced. 19 11:3620 did come out with some documents that could have been 11:36 21 looked at as being sort of pro-opioid, but certainly 11:36 for the last 10 or 15 years, they've been more --22 11:36 23 very cautious and more anti-opioid. But other annual 11:36 professional meetings, like PAINWeek or --24 11:36 25 Q. PAINWeek? 11:36

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1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	I, Cheryl D. Rylant, Certified Shorthand Reporter,
4	certify that the above-named witness was sworn, that the
5	deposition was taken in shorthand and thereafter
6	transcribed; that it is true and correct; and that it
7	was taken on March 26, 2019, in Oklahoma City, county
8	of Oklahoma, state of Oklahoma, pursuant to Notice
9	and under the stipulations set out, and that I am not
10	an attorney for nor relative of any of said parties
11	or otherwise interested in the event of said action.
12	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand
13	and official seal this 28th day of March, 2019.
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	<%824,Signature%>
21	CHERYL D. RYLANT, CSR, RPR
22	Certificate No. 1448
23	
24	
25	
26	
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